

Previewer Tools

[Show New Randomization](#)[Open in Editor](#)Print Show: ☐ All, ☐ None ☐ Key ☐ Solution ☐ Help/Hints☐ Mark ☐ Answer Format Tips

Loop-the-Loop In Fig. 10-30, a small block of mass $m = 3.0$ kg can slide along the frictionless loop-the-loop. The block is released from rest at point P , at height $h = 5R$ above the bottom of the loop. (Use any variable or symbol stated above along with the following as necessary: g .)

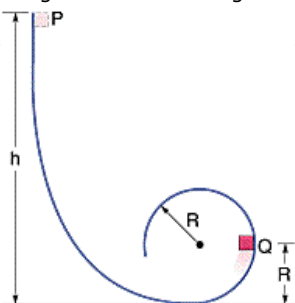


Figure 10-30

(a) How much work does the gravitational force do on the block as the block travels from point P to point Q ?

$W =$

(b) How much work does the gravitational force do on the block as the block travels from point P to the top of the loop?

$W =$

(c) If the gravitational potential energy of the block-Earth system is taken to be zero at the bottom of the loop, what is the potential energy when the block is at point P ?

$U_P =$

(d) If the gravitational potential energy of the block-Earth system is taken to be zero at the bottom of the loop, what is the potential energy when the block is at point Q ?

$U_Q =$

(e) If the gravitational potential energy of the block-Earth system is taken to be zero at the bottom of the loop, what is the potential energy when the block is at the top of the loop?

$U_{\text{top}} =$

(f) If, instead of being released, the block is given some initial speed downward along the track, do the answers to (a) through (e) increase, decrease, or remain the same?

- ☐ some increase, some decrease
- ☐ increase
- ☐ decrease
- ☐ remain the same